

CHAS. A. DANA HOME AGAIN.

A TALK WITH THE EDITOR OF "THE SUN" HE HAS BEEN TRAVELLING IN EUROPE FOR TWO MONTHS—SOME OF HIS IMPRESSIONS.

Charles A. Dana, Editor of "The New York Sun," and Mrs. Dana arrived home Sunday on the steamer "La Bretagne." They had made a two-months' tour of Europe, spending the greater part of the time in England, France and Italy. Mr. Dana is looking forward to his rest after his outing, and greeted his family and friends warmly yesterday at his office in "The Sun" Building.

"I spent nearly all the time travelling abroad," said Dana in answer to the reporter's first question. "What is your impression, gathered while in Paris, of Casimir-Perier's Presidency?" "I did not gather anything," he replied. "I had no opportunity to form an opinion about Perier or anybody else, as I did not receive and adapt an impression from which I could receive and adapt an impression."

"What is your impression, Mr. Dana, as to the permanency of the peace of Europe?" "I think it is perfectly safe from any interruption excepting from some accident that cannot be foreseen. The great Powers are all for peace—everybody is for peace."

"What kind of an impression has Pope Leo, whose health is said to be failing, produced upon the public mind in Europe?" "The Pope is regarded as a man of extraordinary genius, and if he should die at an early date he will leave the opinion prevalent that he has done more for the Church than any of his predecessors during the present century."

"Did you take an active interest in the international sporting events—the Vicentini's contests with the Britanna and the Yale-Oxford athletic contests?" "I took just enough interest in them to read the newspapers, but was too busy to attend them."

"What are the prospects of the Irish Home Rule movement?" "It is not in a condition calculated to encourage friends of Ireland."

STRIKE LEADERS IN COURT.

DEBS AND HIS ASSOCIATES BEFORE THE FEDERAL JUDGES. HEARING IN THE CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS BEGUN—TRYING BY LEGAL SUBTERFUGE TO ESCAPE THE CONSEQUENCES OF THEIR ACTS.

Chicago, July 23.—The hearing of the contempt proceedings against President Debs, Vice-President Howard, Secretary Kether and Director Rogers under the attachment issued by Judge Suman on Thursday last, was the special order in the United States Circuit Court this morning. The courtroom was packed to the doors. Judge Grosscup and the former being the presiding judge, appeared at 10:15, and Special Counsel Walker and District Attorney McIneris for the government, Mr. Meagher, of the Rock Island, with S. S. Gregory and W. W. Train for the defense, followed close behind.

Mr. Walker set the ball rolling by calling attention to supplementary attachments that had been issued to H. Overton, J. A. Fritsch, N. R. Curtin, Charles J. DeLoach, and others, and asked that they be called to the bar, only the two first named were in court, and their cases were set for Tuesday. At this point it was developed that Debs and his associates were not in court, and the Marshal was ordered to produce them. A few minutes later they were ushered in through the judge's entrance, looking no whit the worse for their struggle in the prison. Each man conspicuously displayed a new white ribbon in his coat. When all the preliminaries had been adjusted, Mr. Gregory announced that at the proper time he should ask that the contempt matter stand over until the trials of the defendants on the indictments found against them, on the ground that the action of the present Court would militate against a fair trial for the defendants, and that if the defense would be seriously interfered with, Gregory entered the formal motion for the dismissal of the information, and the discharge of the defendants. This will be argued later.

It took an hour to read the Government's information, and as much longer to dispose of the reply of the defendants. The latter denied every allegation made against them, and insisted that they had in no way placed themselves in contempt of the court. Debs, at his associate's request, claimed to have no knowledge of the telegrams which are charged to have been sent to the railroad managers, but said that it was subject to the approval of the men interested. In fact, Debs, he said, he only advised, and the members of the union acted voluntarily.

"The reading of the answer, Mr. Gregory briefly summarized, attempting to show that there had been no violation of the injunction. Mr. Gregory then made an argument for the dismissal of the charges of contempt of court. "Mr. Debs," he said, "was by the original bill enjoined from engaging in any way in any activity which would interfere with the traffic of railroad companies by force, violence, intimidation or any other means. Intimidation was struck out by the judge who granted the injunction. To prove a violation of the injunction, the government is obliged to make, and in this proceeding it has not been attempted, to show that the defendant, by force, violence, intimidation or any other means, interfered with the traffic of railroad companies by force, violence, intimidation or any other means."

"The government," he said, "is ordered by this court to do a certain thing, and if my information is true, they continued doing just what they were ordered to do. I am not sure that the government is not being deceived by these defendants since the injunction was issued has been an open, direct and violent violation of the law, and as has been stated, I do not think that particular care has been taken to mention who the parties are, but the names of the directors of the American Railway Union, and they are all named, every act of violation is set forth, and they are all named."

Mr. Walker ceased speaking at 4 o'clock, and Mr. Debs immediately opened for the Government. "The government," he said, "is ordered by this court to do a certain thing, and if my information is true, they continued doing just what they were ordered to do. I am not sure that the government is not being deceived by these defendants since the injunction was issued has been an open, direct and violent violation of the law, and as has been stated, I do not think that particular care has been taken to mention who the parties are, but the names of the directors of the American Railway Union, and they are all named, every act of violation is set forth, and they are all named."

THE PRESIDENT PILLORIED.

Continued from Second Page. of the law. You who make laws with us, must not violate them. There is in this case a violation of the law, and that is what you are here to do. You are here to do what you are here to do. You are here to do what you are here to do.

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WHERE CARES MAY BE FORGOTTEN.

ROOF GARDENS AND THEATRES PRESENT ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMMES—A MANAGER IN A NEW ROLE.

It is not often that Otto Weyl, the popular manager of the American Roof Garden, appears upon his stage "to perform a part." But he did so last evening, and it was the general opinion that he acquitted himself "most creditably." His "act" was not on the programme, but it was none the less welcome for that. It has been a long time since the American Roof Garden has been so well patronized as it was last evening. The theatre, which was managed by Otto Weyl, presented a most attractive programme. The programme was a most attractive one. The programme was a most attractive one.

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STATE COMMITTEE MEETING.

IT WILL BE HELD AT THE FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL TO-MORROW. THE DATE OF THE STATE CONVENTION WILL BE FIXED—POSSIBLY THE REGULARITY OF ONE OF THE NEW-YORK ORGANIZATIONS WILL BE RECOGNIZED.

The meeting of the Republican State Committee, which is to be held to-morrow in Parlor D R in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, will probably be largely attended. The action to be taken may consist only in fixing the date for the Republican State Convention and agreeing upon the place for the meeting of the convention. If this is all the business which will be brought up, the meeting will be a very short one. The preponderance of opinion seems to favor the third week in September, that is, between the 17th and 23d, for the time of meeting, though some favor a somewhat earlier date. Saratoga, Syracuse and Brockton are candidates for the place of holding it.

The most important subject which can come up at the meeting will be the question which Chapter 215, Laws of 1914, requires the committee to decide. This law of the 1914 requires the committee to decide the date of the Republican State Convention. The committee will be asked to decide whether the date of the convention should be fixed by the committee or by the organization. The committee will be asked to decide whether the date of the convention should be fixed by the committee or by the organization. The committee will be asked to decide whether the date of the convention should be fixed by the committee or by the organization.

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DETECTIVE A REPORTED ENGAGEMENT.

The report printed yesterday that W. Lee Simmons, of Plainfield, N. J., son of Hermann Simmons, the wealthy coffee importer, is engaged to be married to the daughter of the late Senator Debs, is not true. The members of the family say that he did not make the Brazilian trip referred to, but that he is now in New York, and that no business changes are to be made by his father.

THE ENLIGHTENMENT IN THE VII DISTRICT. To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir, Allow me to correct a statement made by Mr. Miller in your issue of July 22, 1924, to the effect that the enlightenment in the VII district is not genuine, or, to that effect, I, as chairman, have personally examined the whole and found it to be genuine, and nearly one hundred signatures, for each of whom I can vouch and get an affidavit. Our enlightenment list is open to the public and it is open to the public to get an affidavit from any of the enlightenment list. I will also see that the enlightenment list is open to the public and it is open to the public to get an affidavit from any of the enlightenment list. I will also see that the enlightenment list is open to the public and it is open to the public to get an affidavit from any of the enlightenment list.

SOME ONE SET FIRE TO THE TENEMENT HOUSE. An incendiary in a tenement house at No. 10 Deane-st., furnished some work for the firemen of Engine Company 17, at 2:40 yesterday morning. The house is inhabited by five families. At 2:30 a. m. Herman Greenberg, who lives on the first floor, heard footsteps go down in the basement. About fifteen minutes later he saw a light in the hall. He went to see what it was, and found a man in a dark coat and hat, who was carrying a bundle. The man went to the door and opened it, and the man went to the door and opened it, and the man went to the door and opened it.

FOURHUNDRED MEN NEARLY DROWNED. Marc Michael, C. B. Castle and R. K. Cooke, of New York, attempted to shoot the Yantacaw Falls yesterday morning in a small boat. The fall was only six feet, but the water, owing to the storm, was turbulent. The boat was overturned, and the men were nearly drowned. The men were rescued by a group of men who were on the shore. The men were rescued by a group of men who were on the shore. The men were rescued by a group of men who were on the shore.

Dr. W. A. Hammond's Animal Experiments. Correcting for the train, Dr. W. A. Hammond, of Columbia University, New York, is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days.

CANFIELD—At Morris Plains, N. J., on Sunday, July 22, Joseph Lovell Canfield, of New York, was reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days. He is reported to have been in the city for a few days.

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